





Charlotte Mason's House of Education, Scale How, Ambleside, UK, 2009

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148	LIST IV.	
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2.	Beemet Grenadiers. (Germania	
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Principal.	Abbeyfield House, Sheffield	Girls After Easter.
MISS AITCHISON	Change House, Ewhurst,	Girls Ib., II., III.
MISS ALLEN and MISS PARISH	Guildford	and IV.
MISS AMBLER	Risca, Reigate	Girls Ia., Ib., II., III. and IV.
	Fridhem, Heacham,	Girls Ia., Ib. and III.
Miss Beck	King's Lynn	
MISS BIRTWHISTLE	3. Onslow Place, S.W.	Preparatory
MRS. CLAYE	The Vicarage, Brigg	Boys Ia., Ib. and Il.
MISS COOKE	"Romanoff," Surbiton	Girls I., II., III., IV.
MISS CRAMPTON	Frenchay Lodge, nr. Bristo	1111
W. STORRS Fox, Esq.	St. Anselm's, Bakewell	Boys II. and III. Girls and Ia. and II.
MISS GAYFORD	S. Cuthbert's, Twickenham	amall hous
C. H. GIBBS, Eso.	37. Sloane Street,	Boys Ib. and II.
C. II. GIBBS, ESQ.	London, S.W.	(preparatory)
Miss Field Hall	High Cliff School,	Girls
Mrs. Lamb	Scarborough Rijswijk, Epsom	Girls and Ia. and II.
	Mijswijk, Epsoin	boys II & III.
MISS LEVICK	Edgehill, Peak Hill,	Girls Ia., Ib., II. & III.
MISS NESBIT	Sydenham, S.E.	Girls and Ia., Ib. & Il.
	S. Hilda's Prep. School, Purley	boys and III.
Miss K. H. Noddall	Moorlands, Bovey Tracey,	boys Girls Ia., Ib. and III.
J. W. E. PEARCE Es	Devon Q. Merton Court School,) Ib and II.
	2. Merton Court School, Sidcup	Boys II. and III.
Miss Richardson	Lindum House,	Girls II. and
	Bexhill-on-Sea	10 abov

^{*} The Committee take no responsibility with regard to these schools except as far as the above statement goes; due inquiries should be made by parents. Prospectuses can be had on application to the Office.

Principal,	School,	Girls or Classes Working
MISS SWAIN	Frith Park School, Sheffield	Boys. in P.R.S. Girls Ia., Ib., II. & III
J. O. M. THOMAS, Esq.	14, Chilworth Street, Westbourne Terrace, W.	Boys 1a., 1b., 11. & 111
H.G. UNDERHILL, Esq.	Wootton Court, Wootton, near Canterbury	Boys la., Ib., II (preparatory) and III
MISS WATSON	Alstone Court, Cheltenham	Girls Ia., Ib. and II
MISS WHITE	Glencairn, Chippenham	Girls and Ia., Ib. & II boys

P.N.E.U. Translation Society.—Subject for February: From Victor Hugo's Morceaux Choisis.

P.N.E.U. Literary Society. Subject for February: Hyperion (Keats).

C. AGNES ROOPER, Hon. Sec.,

Pen Selwood, Gervis Road, Bournemouth.

From whom all particulars may be obtained.

BOOKS.

Five Famous French Women, by Mrs. Henry Fawcett, LL.D. (Cassell, 6/-). The five famous French women are Joan of Arc, Louise of Savoy, and her daughter Margaret of Angoulême (Duchess of Alencon and Queen of Navarre). Jeanne D'Albret (Queen of Navarre), and Renée of France (Duchess of Ferrara). Those who remember Mrs. Fawcett's admirable Life of Queen Victoria will know how she imparts her own discriminating appetite for historical knowledge to the reader, and how, having created the appetite, she gratifies it, tells you precisely the things you want to know and gives you vistas. The volume does not profess to be a record of original research: the books consulted are, with two or three exceptions, English publications, and the reader could wish that an author of so much insight had made a point of ransacking the inestimable and immeasurable treasures of unpublished correspondence available, for the most part, in the archives of France. But we must not look a gift-horse in the mouth. We have here delightful reading; and what women they were! That group of three, Louise of Savoy and her daughter Margaret, and her son Francis, so charming in their relations to one another, so admirable in their mutual love, so perfect and exquisite in their culture and yet so strangely found wanting when weighed in the balanceswhat a fascinating study they present! And then that other Queen of Navarre, Jeanne D'Albret, the mother of Henri Quatre; with what interest we follow her through her long contest with Catherine de Medici! That learned and pious lady, again, Renée, Duchess of Ferrara, how heroic she was in her defence of the oppressed Reformed Church, and how she united the enthusiasm for knowledge, which belongs to the Renaissance, with the fervent, passionate, piety of the early Reformed Church! Not the least of Mrs. Fawcett's claims on our gratitude is that she rises to the wonder and beauty of Joan of Arc. The illustrations are a course of instruction in themselves. The cottage at Domremy, where Joan of Arc was born, is a delight. One is glad that the "Maid" grew up in so sweet a place. Catherine de Medici, again, what a revelation is her portrait; and that of John, Duke of Bedford, accounts for many things. There are thirty illustrations, all of them most interesting.

Tennyson: A Memoir, by Hallam Tennyson (Macmillan, 6/-). We are Tennyson: A Memow, by Hallan for this cheap edition of a great life of heartily grateful to Messrs. Macmillan for this peculiar value as discontinuous description. heartily grateful to Messrs. Machinian to a great life of a great life of a great man. Such a life of such a man has its peculiar value as distinct from a great man. Such a life of such a life windfalls, as it were, of a his works. Here we get the obiter dicta, the ripe windfalls, as it were, of a his works. Here we get the value and conduct, pain and pleasure, ripened mind. A hundred points of life and conduct, pain and pleasure, ripened mind. A nundred points of the work and leisure, which, if they had been brought out in the volumes of the work and leisure, which, it they had contain the whole! We cannot better poet's works, what library could contain the whole! poet's works, what horary could better sum up the value to the world of this biography than in the words of the sum up the value to the world of the author. Lord Tennyson says:—"More than any living man I have had author. Lord remission says. reason to appreciate his splendid truth and trustfulness, his varied creative reason to appreciate his specific reason largeness of his nature, and the wide range of his genius. If I may venture to speak of his special influence on the world, my conviction is, that its main and enduring factors are his power of expression, the perfection of his workmanship, his strong common sense, the high purport of his life and work, his humility, and his open-hearted and helpful sympathy— "'Fortezza, ed umiltade, e largo core."

Boys and Their Management in Schools, by H. Bompas Smith (published by Longmans, price 2/6). Mr. Bompas Smith has written a little volume which should be very useful, not only to Junior masters, but to all persons concerned with boys, and girls too; he understands boys, and advocates throughout, what we may call a magnanimous treatment; that is to say, he knows that a boy has intelligence and the power to be interested in his work, and the power to act generously and responsively in dealings with his master; and, practically, these chapters are hints of how to get at boys. Get at them and you can manage them, and on the whole, respect and trust are the rules. Here is an example of sound sense," Let the boys have plenty to think and talk about, plenty of exercise, plenty of games, and the temptation to indulge in dirty talk will be felt by few. Try to help the bulk of the boys, so as to fill their minds with wholesome interests and ambitions, that they will turn from it in disgust." We think that many well-meaning people engage upon a painful and difficult crusade which might be avoided; intellectual interests and desires are the protective provision made by nature. We defraud boys and girls of their due amount of intellectual life, and are distressed and humiliated by the result.

Grimm's Fairy Tales (published by De la More Press, price 5/-). Here is a prize for lovers of fairy-tales. Gammer Grethel's Tales, illustrated by Cruikshank and others; -by the way, we should have been told which are the Cruikshank's: the procession with the golden goose we are sure, and Rumpel-Stiltsken and the Waits of Bremen, and the Bear and the Skrattel,—add to these pleasures an introduction by Laurence Houseman, and we get a book worth the having, containing about forty of the best fairy-tales going. Here is an admirable defence of fairy-tale horrors, "It is this same atmosphere or attitude of mind, which puts to rights even the less admirable elements of the old fairy-tales, whereat timorous moralists nowadays look askance. Where heads come on and off as easily as saucepan lids, in a world gaily divided between the quite good and the quite bad, a little savagery does no harm; it does but give a tinge of warmth to the blood, that ensures good feeding for the brain, and I imagine that the ruthless morals of the fairy tale have no more made children crueller than they have made them in actual fact braver. But they give quick food—the fresh meat of the hunter to the world meat of the hunter—to the imagination, and have helped to make the world of romance become more real at a tender age."

Routledge's New Universal Library, each, 2/- net. We owe gratitude to Messrs. Routledge for these marvellously cheap classics; we have received Imaginary Conversations—Landor, and are heartily glad to come once again upon these classical dialogues. Have we enough imagination to-day to make Esop, Xerxes, Sophocles, Plato and the rest, talk that talk with their familiars which belongs to their time and place? only Landor could have done it, that is, Landor and Leopardi. Leopardi's Essays and Dialogues, translated by S. Thomson (author of the City of the Dreadful Night). It is a happy thought to give us an opportunity to compare the two; Leopardi does not confine himself to such familiar figures as Hercules and Atlas, for example, but makes Tristan talk to a friend, Nature and a Soul speak together, nay, the Earth and the Moon. The two volumes of the Spectator and Burke's Present Discontents are more familiar matter.

Humpty-Dumpty and other Songs. The De la More Press has issued a charming book, the songs are just the right songs for the babies. Mr. Moorat has chosen well, and Mr. Woodruffe has pictured delightfully, and the type is of a sort to make connoisseurs in the future.

Hymns in Prose for Children, by Mrs. Barbauld (published by the De La More Press, price 2/6). Old-fashioned people will rejoice to see a new edition of Mrs. Barbauld's beautiful prose hymns; it is quite true that her "measured prose" is exceedingly pleasant to the ear, catching as it does so happily the rhythm of the poetical books of the Bible. Children take great pleasure in these hymns and would do well to learn them by heart.

Historical and Modern Atlas of the British Empire, by C. G. Grant Robertson and J. G. Bartholomew (published by Methuen, 4/6). This Atlas bearing the names of Mr. Grant Robertson and Mr. Bartholomew is a very valuable possession. The maps are admirably executed and afford the most exhaustive information: we have the British Empire in five different periods from 1603 to 1905; maps of the World showing vegetation, temperature, rainfall, population, commercial development. Historical maps of the British Isles and of Europe, including the period of the Farly Voyages, 1492. Maps of the vegetation, the coal and iron, the industries and the population of the British Isles. India at successive dates; the Far East in 1803 and 1905. In fact, there are few developments of the past and problems of the present connected with the British Empire which this capital Atlas does not assist us to the

Wings and Spurs, a collection of quotations for every day in the year, by L. H. M. Soulsby (published by Longmans, Green and Co., 1/-). We give a cordial welcome to Miss Soulsby's Calendar. Passages chosen by her are always inspiring and are always, we need not say, admirably chosen.

The Laws of Health, by D. Nabarro, M.D. (published by Mr. Edward Arnold, 1/6 net). We think Dr. Nabarro has produced a very valuable little book, always practical, always readable, and definite enough in its physiological teaching to give the reader a real knowledge of the Laws of Health. The book is primarily intended for the older pupils in Elementary Schools, but we agree with the author in thinking it will be useful both in Secondary Schools and to adult readers.

A Primer of Biology and Nature Study, by R. Mundy (Holland & Co., 2/6). A compact and up-to-date statement of the most important facts of biology, but the type is too small and the matter too much compressed to permit of the gradual, agreeable assimilation which results in knowledge. The History of Birds as a Class is presented in one short paragraph.

The Magic Hook and other Plays for Children, by M. L. Thomson (Marshall and Son). The Magic Hook seems to us rather dull.

BOOKS.

Simple Lessons on Health for the Use of the Young, by Sir Michael Foster (Macmillan, 1/-). We are glad of any cause which should have induced (Macmillan, 1/-). We are grad of any simple lessons on health. This is the style Sir Michael Foster to write these simple lessons on health. This is the style Sir Michael Foster to write these simple which children can understand. "What was my dinner?—curd, fat and starch; which children can understand." What was my dinner?—curd, fat and starch; which children can understand. What world over is made of the and everybody's dinner, everybody's meal, all the world over is made of the and everybody's dinner, everybody and starch." The chapter on drinksame three kinds of things, curd, fat, and starch." same three kinds or things, curd, ac, and those on light and cleanliness are specially alcholic drink, tea, etc.—and those on light and cleanliness are specially

The Swan Edition of Shakespeare's Plays. Much Ado about Nothing and The Swan Edition of Snakespeares 2. This is a pleasing and Twelfth Night (Longmans, Green & Co., 1/- each). This is a pleasing edition, Twelfth Night (Longmans, Green & Co., 2)
but we might have spared the notes at the end and the linguistic dissertations but we might have spared the flows at the beginning. The story of the Play, simply told as it is in both cases, is

a good feature.

The Carmelite Classics (Marshall & Son).

The Fairie Queene, Book I. (edited by C. L. Thomson). This is an excellent edition, and we are glad to observe that "it contains notes on such matters only as the pupil could not be expected to know or to think out for himself."

Macaulay's Life of Goldsmith and Shelley's Adonais (3d. each). Charming

Tales of the Middle Ages, by C. L. Thomson (Marshall, 1/-). Miss Thomson knows how to tell a tale, and, "Sir Bevis of Hampton," "Guy of Warwick," "Havelock the Dane," etc., are legitimate spoil because they are stories which might evade an average well-read person, and therefore, they do not take the flavour out of any piece of literature which the children ought certainly to come across later. The illustrations are suggestive, but not always well

Regional Geography: Europe, by J. B. Reynolds (Black, 2/-). The maps and diagrams in Mr. Reynold's book are most assisting, and if they require a little study, as for example, that of the mean annual rainfall in the Nile basin, why children enjoy puzzles, and would take hearty pleasure in reading such a map. The plan of the book is excellent, the idea being to treat Europe according to its "natural regions," and to show how physical features influence the life of mankind. Mr. Reynolds is a geographer and does his work well, but he has not learned the trick of giving information without seeming to do so.

Round the Empire by Dr. G. R. Parkin, M.A. (Cassell, 1/6). A book which has reached its one hundred and forty-third thousand should be good. It has a preface dated 1892, by Lord Rosebery, from which we must quote a sentence, "If we and they are narrow and selfish, averse to labour, impatient of necessary burdens, factions and self-indulgent: if we see in public affairs not our Empire but our country, not our country but our parish, and in our parish our house, the Empire is doomed."

The Mother Tongue, Book I., by S. L. Arnold and G. L. Kittredge, edited for English Schools by J. W. Adamson (Ginn & Co., 1/6). Professor Adamson has done well to edit the Mother Tongue for English Schools. There is a freshness about it which they manage to give to lesson-books across the Atlantic. At the same time we think the making of short disjointed sentences, popular in America and Germany, a relic indeed of Pestalozzi's teaching, is an educational blunder. The long rigmarole told by a small child about the pony he saw in the street, gives us our cue, and children should be allowed to narrate, not a passage of miserable little chopped up sentences, but a fairy tale or a Dill but a fairy-tale, or a Bible story which has been read to them. We are inclined to insict we are of good vigorous English (that are of good vigorous English from stories that are told to them, that is, that are

translated into rather slipshod English for their behoof. But there are many capital pieces of prose and verse for reading and telling, and the treatment of grammar is simple and unacademic. We must quote an interesting remark from the introduction, "In seeking for the causes of the high level of expression which rules generally among men of French speech, it would be sheer blundering to overlook the services rendered by an instruction in the vernacular which aims at conferring on the pupil of the humblest school, the power of consciously using his mother tongue as a clear channel of thought."

Lingua Materna, by Richard Wilson (Arnold, 3/6). We like the note of common-sense which dominates Mr. Wilson's book. He realises the possibility of teaching too much! He tells us that gender may be severely neglected, that number must be dealt with, that person is interesting in itself, that case may be omitted altogether; in fact, he would deal with sentences and not with words. But here we are at issue with him; he says, "There is no royal road to facility in framing a flexible well-rounded sentence, not even for those who seem to be gifted with the flying quill. The matter must be learnt, and the schooling must be very definite and exact." We do not believe it for a moment. So far as we have been able to discover, there is but one way of teaching vigorous and individual English. The children must read read many books of the best, read a single episode at a time and write it. Trust them to write English, and of the best! But Mr. Wilson knows about many things. He tells of a boy in whom it was impossible to develop a liking for reading, but who loved solitary rambles, and on one occasion was found to have a roughly-pencilled poem in his pocket. The chapter on Taste in Literature is very good reading. Some Notes on Method again is a refreshing chapter chiefly because method, as it is commonly understood, is ruled out. How good this is; "the teacher's aim ought to be to obtrude himself as little as possible between the poet and the reader."

A Primer of School Method, by Dexter & Garlick (published by Longmans and Co., price 4/6). The object of the authors is set forth in the preface. "The young teacher used to spend four or five years learning his professional work. Theory and practice went on side by side. The practical work has now been limited to one-half of a two years' course, and theory has disappeared from the syllabus." To help young teachers who only have "a very brief and very empirical training" is the object of this Primer of School Method, and certainly as much common-sense and as much good advice and judicious suggestion are given as can be got into 230 closely packed pages. We doubt, however, whether such exceedingly condensed matter can be readily assimilated Nothing is left untouched from the teaching of the Alphabet to teaching of Lessons upon the Church, upon Social Life, upon Trade, upon Education. It is a surprising compendium, wonderfully well arranged, but

terribly packed.